## University District Workshop 2 Summary: November 19, 2024

#### Future Land Use Map: Connecting Places, People, and Activities

The Future Land Use Map is a vision for Memphis's future. It's not a set of strict rules, but rather a guide that reflects the kind of places and activities we want to see in our city as it grows. It's about creating a community that works for everyone.

### Place Types: What Makes Memphis Unique

Memphis 3.0 organizes the city into Place Types—categories that help us understand and plan for the unique character of different areas. Each Place Type is designed to reflect how people live, work, and interact with their surroundings.

- Anchors (Community/ City Wide)
- Communities
- Corridors
- Special Uses (Industrial, logistics, transportation)
- Parks and Civic Spaces

#### **FLU Categories:** (Pages 5-7)

Future Land Use Categories are a guide that shows how different areas in a city or community should be developed in the future, like for homes, businesses, parks, or factories. They help guide growth and development to make sure the community grows in a way that benefits everyone.

**Highlighted Places**: Areas that were highlighted by community members in the University district Workshop 2 meeting.

- Tillman St
- Scott St & Broad Ave
- South Highland & Poplar
- Poplar Plaza
- Harvard & N Merton

# Tillman St.

	What We Heard (Community	
Land Use	Feedback)	What We Think (Staff Analysis)
	Community members would	
	like to see more public spaces	
	along Tillman to sit and find	
	shade. Residents also	
	mentioned long wait times for	
Anchor Neighborhood Main	MATA and would like to see	
Street	Mata Bus stops to be	
	furnished to protect riders	
Future: Walkable, mixed-use	from adverse weather	
centers with house-scale	conditions.	
buildings lining main streets,		
serving as moderate-intensity		
anchors for surrounding	For Context: There was a	
neighborhoods.	grocery store on Tillman and	
	Sam Cooper but it closed.	
	Residents expressed the need	
<b>Existing</b> : The area is mainly	for grocery stores in the area.	
composed of low-intensity	They also expressed the need	Zoning should maintain and
commercial and multi-family	for more speed calming	promote the diverse building
housing units.	measures and	types of the neighborhood.

# **Scott St and Broad Ave**

	What We Heard (Community	
Land Use	Feedback)	What We Think (Staff Analysis)
Anchor-Urban Center		
Future: Walkable, mixed-use centers with house-scale buildings lining main streets, serving as moderate-intensity anchors for surrounding neighborhoods.	Community members requested the need for wider sidewalks and traffic calming measures and increased lighting. Residents also expressed the need for	Zoning should primarily focus on maintaining walkable and
Existing: The area is currently mainly composed very light retail low intensity commercial services surrounded by primarily	physical medians and protected bike lanes.	mixed-use centers. Traffic calming measures should be implemented within the district

multi-family and single-family	
housing	

# South Highland & Poplar

	What We Heard (Community	
Land Use	Feedback)	What We Think (Staff Analysis)
Anchor- Neighborhood Main		
Street		
Future: Walkable, mixed-use centers with house-scale buildings lining main streets, serving as moderate-intensity anchors for surrounding neighborhoods.	Residents expressed the need for more parks and multifamily housing. More Walkable areas along Poplar & Highland. Residents also made it a point that there should not be any	
Existing: The area is primarily	more gas stations at this	Zoning should maintain the
made up of a main street with	location.	diverse mix of neighborhood
low intensity retail and		building types and limit the
commercial spaces on each		construction for gas stations
side of the corridor.		in the area.

# Poplar Plaza

	What We Heard (Community	
Land Use	Feedback)	What We Think (Staff Analysis)
	Residents were concerned	, , ,
	that the Anchor FLU at	
	Poplar/Highland implied park	
	space conversion to	
	commercial use and	
	requested its removal. Many	
	felt Poplar was a barrier to a	
	Neighborhood Main Street	
	(NMS) designation and feared	
	it would encourage duplex	
	development in high land-	
	value areas.	
Anchor Neighborhood Main	*Estance Land III and The	
Street	*Future Land Use: The	
Future: Walkable mixed use	Planning Team followed up	
<b>Future</b> : Walkable, mixed-use centers with house-scale	with community members after this meeting to clear up	
buildings lining main streets,	confusion. After that meeting	Zoning should reflect the
serving as moderate-intensity	the community members	established pattern of housing
anchors for surrounding	agreed to NMS for Poplar	to the east of the Anchor and
neighborhoods.	understanding the Mix of	encourage infill development
<b>Existing</b> : Light to heavy retail	Building Types and its	in the vacant parcels to the
on each side of the corridor	correlation with zoning.	West of the Anchor.
Anchor- Neighborhood- Mix	Residents expressed concern	
of Building Types	that the FLU map implied the	
	intent to create duplexes in	
Future: Small, walkable	Galloway Golf Course	
mixed-use centers with	neighborhood. A combination	
house-scale buildings	of prior misinformation and	
embedded within residential	staff supplied materials led to	
neighborhoods, providing	confusion about what ANS	
convenient services and	meant; a gap in understanding	
community gathering spaces.	that could not be closed	Zoning should maintain the
	within the allotted time and	already existing neighborhood
Existing: Small shopping	format*Future Land Use: The	scale housing of the
Center with some on-street	Planning Team followed up	neighborhood

parking surrounded by	with community members	
primarily single family	after this meeting to clear up	
	confusion.	
	After that meeting the	
	community members agreed	
	to NMS for Poplar	
	understanding the Mix of	
	Building Types and its	
	correlation with zoning.	

#### Harvard & N Merton

	What We Heard (Community	
Land Use	Feedback)	What We Think (Staff Analysis)
Anchor Neighborhood Mix of		
Building Types		
Future: Small, walkable	Community members would	
mixed-use centers with	like to see an increase in the	
house-scale buildings	amount of housing diversity	
embedded within residential	around Hale & Merton. They	
neighborhoods, providing	believe this will help with	
convenient services and	housing affordability.	
community gathering spaces.	Residents also expressed	
	interest into connecting the	Zoning should maintain and
Existing: The area is	diverse building types to Hale	expand neighborhood scale
composed of diverse building	Ave.	mix of building types.
types and a community		
gathering place.		

#### **Place Types and Future Land Use Categories**

**Anchors**: Vibrant, walkable hubs at the heart of accessible, well-connected communities, filled with mixed-use spaces where people can live, work, and play.

- Anchor- Neighborhood Crossing (A-NC): Small, walkable mixed-use centers with house-scale buildings embedded within residential neighborhoods, providing convenient services and community gathering spaces.
- Anchor- Neighborhood Main Street (A-NMS): Walkable, mixed-use centers with housescale buildings lining main streets, serving as moderate-intensity anchors for surrounding neighborhoods.
- Anchor- Urban Main Street (A-UMS): Walkable, vertically mixed-use centers with blockscale buildings along main streets, serving as moderate to high-intensity anchors for urban neighborhoods.

- **Anchor- Urban Center (A-UC)**: Walkable, mixed-use centers with multi-story block-scale buildings, forming districts that serve as higher-intensity anchors for urban neighborhoods.
- Anchor- Downtown (A-DT): The central business district of Memphis, characterized by high-rise mixed-use buildings, serving as the primary citywide anchor for work, living, shopping, and recreation.
- Anchor- Medical and Institutional Campus (A-C): Walkable hospital and university campuses that catalyze activity in adjacent mixed-use areas, serving as anchors for medical and educational institutions.

**Anchor Neighborhoods**: Walkable, connected neighborhoods that support and complement the Anchors.

- Anchor Neighborhood Primarily Single-Unit (AN-S): Walkable neighborhoods within a 5– 10-minute walk of a Community Anchor, consisting mainly of single-unit housing, with a focus on preservation and infill development.
- Anchor Neighborhood Mix of Building Types (AN-M): Walkable neighborhoods within a 5–10-minute walk of a Community Anchor, featuring a mix of single-unit and multi-unit housing, with potential for low-intensity commercial uses along corridors.
- Anchor Neighborhood Urban (AN-U): Walkable residential and mixed-use districts within a 5–10-minute walk of a Citywide Anchor, characterized by block-scale buildings and higher density.

**Communities**: Residential areas that make up the majority of the city, where people live and build their lives.

- **Primarily Single-Unit Neighborhoods (NS)**: Residential neighborhoods consisting primarily of single-unit houses located more than half a mile from any anchor destination.
- Multifamily Neighborhoods (NM): Residential neighborhoods consisting primarily of multiunit buildings located more than a 10-minute walk from any anchor destination.

**Corridors**: Auto-oriented commercial strips with retail and services designed for easy access by car.

- Neighborhood Commercial & Services (CSN): Neighborhood-oriented commercial areas with house-scale buildings, providing retail, services, and offices, typically not associated with anchors.
- Low Intensity Commercial & Services (CSL): Low-rise, auto-oriented commercial areas with house- or block-scale buildings, providing neighborhood-supporting retail and services.
- High Intensity Commercial & Services (CSH): High-intensity, auto-oriented commercial
  areas with block-scale buildings, serving larger trade areas with large-scale retail and
  services.

**Special Uses**: Areas focused on industrial, logistical, or transportation activities, often with large blocks and fewer intersections.

- Industrial (I): High-intensity industrial areas with large-scale manufacturing and industrial uses, typically located near highways and freight infrastructure.
- Industrial Flex (IF): Lower-intensity industrial areas with mixed-use potential, compatible with nearby neighborhoods and suitable for light manufacturing and services.
- Transportation & Logistics (TL): Large-scale transportation and logistics facilities, such as airports, ports, and railyards, generating significant regional employment and goods dispersal.

**Parks and Civic Spaces**: Natural areas, parks, schools, and institutions that serve as gathering places for the community.

- Open Spaces and Natural Features (OSN): Natural areas focused on preservation and passive recreation, including wildlands, wetlands, and waterways.
- **Public & Quasi-Public Buildings & Uses (PQP)**: Civic buildings, schools, religious institutions, and community facilities that contribute to the civic space framework.
- Parks & Recreational Facilities (PR): Public parks and active recreation facilities managed by government agencies or nonprofits, providing active and passive recreation opportunities.